# ARTS\&CRAFTS Globe Stand 

## N othing decks out your library like a proper globe stand. A nd if you don't like this design, we've got three others that might do the trick.

A$s$ was the case with most A mericans, my world became a larger placelast fall. I began to realize that I had only a vague notion of the location, size and geographical relationship of many of the countries whose names dominated the nightly news. Sincel always had a problem with the M ercator projection maps that colored the walls of my high-school classrooms (is G reenland really as large as the U nited States?) I knew that a globe was the only thing that would give me a clear understanding of what's what and where.

W hen I visited my local map store, the globestand selection ran the gamut from traditional nautical themesto modern metal sculpture. W hat I was really looking for, a simple A rts \& C rafts-inspired piece, was lacking from the lineup. I decided that theonly way that I would behappy with thenew addition to my living room was to buy a globe separately and come up with my own base.

Paging through a few of my A rts \& Crafts books, the taboret ( essentially a small table) appeared to be a staple of the founding fathers of the movement.
by Dan Brody
Dan Brody, a home improvement contractor in Columbus, 0 hio, is concentrating on some improvements to his own home. A s with many woodworkers, he has found the simple elegance of the $\mathrm{A} r \mathrm{rts} \& \mathrm{C}$ rafts movement to be a source of inspiration.


You might prefer a tapered-leg taboret with wedged tenons...

... or a globe stand in the style of Frank Lloyd Wright...

... or even in the style of a Gustav Stickley end table.



Use the plans from the diagrams to lay out your mortises on your top pieces. Draw the mortise locations on paper, photocopy the plans and use rubber cement or a spray adhesive to attach them to your wood. Then it's simple matter of cutting where the lines tell you to.


After you've cut your top to size, you need to clean up the bandsawn edges using a router table, a straight bit and the shopmade jig shown here. First cut a piece of $1 / 4$ " -thick plywood to the same size as your top and attach it to the top using a spray adhesive. Nail the center of the $1 / 4^{" 1}$ plywood to a sub-base of $3 / 4$ " plywood. M y router table is part of my table saw setup, so I attached a miter bar to the $3 / 4$ " plywood, which allowed me to slide the jig into position. If you don't have a miter slot, you might need to first clamp the jig in place and raise the router bit while it's running to get your cut started.

From Limbert to M ackintosh, Stickley to W right, there al ways seemed to be room for yet another small table. With all itsvariations, it was the perfect starting point for a globe stand. With a little stretching here and a little cutting there, I soon had enough designsto house a galaxy, or at least a small solar system, of globes.

The Stickley variation that I
finally built incorporates a lot of the "tricks" - through-mortises, half laps, chamfered and pegged through-tenons, pyramids, and corbels. A sit turned out, it wasa great project for developing my A rts \& C rafts joinery skills. Because all the parts are small, and a limited amount of material is involved, I didn't becomesuicidal when a mistake condemned a piece to the kindling bin.


I strayed from the quartersawn white-oak norm and chose to use cherry
to build the stand. A side from cherry's tendency to scorch when being cut, it'sa pleasure to work, easy to finish and, in central Ohio, the price is right.

## Around the World in Four Easy Pieces

Start by laying out the four top quadrants. W ith the exception of the legs, all the parts for this project are sized to be cut from 1 x 6 stock. Before turningto your band saw to test your eye/hand coordination on theoutsidecurves,


Though there are many complicated ways to attach corbels to legs, I prefer to simply glue and clamp them in place.
cut the 1" x 1" mortises. They're easier to form when there are still flat sidesto press against a fence.

W hile splined joints might have been another "trick" that I could have thrown into themix, I opted for the ease and familiarity of biscuits when assembling the ring. A fter gluing up the ring, cut the arcs slightly wide of the line on the band saw. I used a shop-made circle-cutting jig on my router table to refine the outside edge. Then I used a router edge guide to trim the inside edge to a perfect circle.

I also used biscuits to join the two halves of the lower table. I added another level of detail with a $1 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ ch amfer on the top edge of both the ring and table. Finally, I plowed two $1 / 4$ "-deep x $3 / 4$ "-wide grooves that crossed in the middle of the bottom of the table to position it squarely on the stretchers.


Here's a close look at the notches in the top that hold the pins on the globe


The legs are formed from 2 x 2 stock. A lthough the $1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 2$ " through-mortises were made on the legs with a straightforward series of cutswith a $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ mortising chisel, the through-tenons required some attention to detail. A fter cutting the tenons on the ends of the legs to fit the mortises, I determined that a $14^{\circ}$ bevel would give me an $1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$-high pyramidal top. The ten on is sized to allow for an $1 / 8$ " vertical rise above the top before transitioning into the slopes. I like the look, and it'smore forgiving than trying to align four pyramid bases exactly with the tabletop.

The stretchers are joined with
a simple half lap. The ends of the through-tenons are chamfered at a $45^{\circ}$ angle. I then pegged each tenon using $3 / 8{ }^{\prime \prime}$ cherry dowels through $23 / 64$ " hol es after slightly tapering the ends of the dowels. W ith the holding power of contemporary glues, they're only for show anyway.

Speaking of show, the corbels that "support" the top are structurally unnecessary to thisproject. Visually, however, they're the icing on the cake. Glue them in place and clamp them up.

To mount the globe on the stand, you need to cut two $1 / 4$ "long x $1 / 4$ "-deep notches in the inner edge of the ring. R ather

## ARTS \& CRAFTS GLOBE STAND

|  | no. | item | dimensions ${ }_{\mathrm{W}}^{\text {(INCHES) }}$ |  |  | m aterial |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\square$ | 4 | Top pieces | $3 / 4$ | 55/16 | $14^{1 / 2}$ | Cherry |
| $\square$ | 2 | Table pieces | $3 / 4$ | 5 | 10 | Cherry |
| $\square$ | 4 | Legs | $1^{1 / 2}$ | $1^{1 / 2}$ | 293/4 | Cherry |
| $\square$ | 2 | Stretchers | $3 / 4$ | $2^{1 / 2}$ | 18 | Cherry |
| - | 4 | Corbels | $3 / 4$ | 7/8 | 9 | Cherry |

than setting up my router and a jig for the operation, I chucked a $1 / 4$ " Forstner bit into my drill press, made $\frac{1 / 4}{}$ "-deep hol e that wastangent to the inner edge, and squared up the bore with a sharp utility knife. Seethe photo at left for details.

Because cherry darkensquickly enough through oxidation and exposure to ultraviolet rays, I used a clear wipe-on oil finish to emphasize the contrast between the end grain of the through-tenons and pegs and the face grain of the legs and top. If you've got 'em, you might aswell flaunt 'em. PW

## SUPPLIES

Popular Woodworking readers can order this 12" antique globe for $\$ 70$ (a 10 percent discount) plus shipping (and sales tax if you live in Ohio).

Contact:
The M ap Store
5821 Karric Square Drive Dublin, OH 43017
614-792-6277


Corbel (4)

